

DISTINCTIVE
STYLES

YOU DON'T KNOW?

WONDERFUL
VALUES

But We Have

**A Most Delightful Revel of Those
Decidedly Chic, Fall and Winter
Suits and Coats for this
Season's Sale. Come in,
And Look Them
Over.**

And you will find we have the same EX-
CLUSIVE Styles New York Women ARE
NOW wearing, a triumph of the Modist's
Art; a real breath of Fifth Avenue and
Paris. Coats and Suits of the Moment,
adopted from the latest and most stunning
New York and Paris creations, will be found
here in great profusion, for both the charm-
ing matrons and the fair young ladies of
Clarksburg.

**Are You Ready for the Chilly Days
Of Fall and Winter?**

Also, the Latest and Smartest Hats of the Season.

**BAIN'S MILLINERY &
SUIT SHOP**

MAIN STREET

BRITISH CAR OF DEATH IS LIKE CATERPILLAR

In Appearance, Says a Bulletin
Issued by National Geo-
graphic Society.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—"The
mysterious British tank described as
a car of death resembling a ponderous,
slow-moving steel caterpillar, is the
current 'enfant terrible' in the large
family of strange engines of destruc-
tion sired by the God of War," says a
bulletin issued today by the National
Geographic Society.

"The modern fighting man has been
so schooled to expect unique and pow-
erful inventions designed to destroy
human life that the tanks have in-
spired more curiosity than terror, but
far different has been the story of the
vast breed of monsters that have en-
gendered panic in the hearts of sol-
diers in ages past.

Wooden Horse First.

"Reviewing the history of warfare
among civilized nations, one of the
earliest engines of destruction whose
fame has been perpetuated on the
pages of legendary epic, was the great
wooden horse which the crafty Ulysses
left on the plains of Ilium, and which
the Trojans believed to be an offering
sacred to the goddess Athena. Coun-
seled by the false Sinon, the Trojans
razed their walls in order that the
'gift' of the Greeks might be
brought to their city. After nightfall
the warriors hidden inside the wood-
en animal crept out, threw open the
gates of the city and admitted their
companions, thus bringing about the
destruction of the city of Priam and
wrecking vengeance upon the people
who had sheltered Paris and the fair
but false Helen of Troy.

"An engine of war which emerges
from the cloud of legend and takes its
place among historical actualities was
that employed by Alexander the Great
in his seven-month's siege of the fa-
mous Phoenician metropolis, Tyre.
This ancient city was strongly situat-
ed on an island and as there were no
long range catapults in the fourth
century before the Christian era, Al-
exander conceived the plan of build-
ing a mole or causeway from the main-
land to the island. This engineer-
ing enterprise was hampered by the
Tyrian who launched blazing ships
against the assailants as they sunk
piles to hold in place the rock and
debris that formed a roadway over
which the army was to march. In
order to protect his construction corps
Alexander devised as an engine of
war great towers covered with green
hides. These were set up as shields
against the floating flames of the ene-
my and the result was one of the

memorable victories in Alexander's
conquest of the eastern world.

Battle Elephant.

"One of the most terrifying 'en-
gines of war' of ancient times was the
battle elephant employed by Pyrrhus,
Alexander's cousin in the first of the
famous 'Pyrrhic victories' over the
Romans. Twenty of these huge beasts
were used against the enemies of
the Tarentines at the battle of Herac-
leia, in 280 B. C. The strange mov-
ing mountains of flesh caused a wave
of fear to sweep over the Romans and
they fled from the field of carnage,
but after one experience with the ani-
mals their courage returned and
henceforth the war elephant was more
of a curiosity than an effective en-
gine.

"One of the simplest and yet one
of the most effective inventions of an-
cient times was the javelin with a
point of soft iron employed by Julius
Caesar in one of his Gallic wars. The
Roman legionaries hurled these weap-
ons against the shields of their ene-
mies. The iron head penetrated the
outer covering of the bull's hide, but
stalled out against the hardwood
or metal back of the shield and thus
became hooked to this protector. The
shanks of the dangle javelins so im-
peded the movements of the barbar-
ian soldiers that they were forced ei-
ther to throw away their shields and
fight uncovered against the Roma or
also stop long enough (a fatal delay
in their advance) to disencumber
themselves from this unique weapon
which may properly be called the dum-
dum pilum, the progenitor of the soft-
nose or dum-dum bullet of today.

"Perhaps the strangest engines of
destruction in the history of the world
were the seven trumpets of ram's
horn which the priests of Israel blew
as they encompassed the walls of Jeri-
con once each day for six successive
days and seven times on the seventh
day. After the final blast the hosts
of Israel gave a great shout and the
walls fell flat, according to the Bib-
lical account in the Book of Joshua.
Those who endeavor to explain all
miracles on the theory that they are
the result of extraordinary applica-
tions of the natural law have seen in
this remarkable event a demonstration
of the vast destructive power of
sympathetic vibration—the same prin-
ciple which has been known to shake
to its very foundations a great bridge
of steel and concrete when a dog trots
across it.

Gideon's Ruse.

"Another arms oddity of Biblical
interest was the ruse employed by

MRS. WILSON'S FIRST ENTIRE SEASON AS LADY OF THE
WHITE HOUSE PROMISES TO BE UNUSUALLY BRILLIANT



Left to right, top: Mrs. Thomas R. Marshall, Mrs. Woodrow Wilson and Miss Callie Hoke Smith. Bottom, Mrs. Ollie James and Mrs. Robert Lansing.

Mrs. Woodrow Wilson's first full season at Washington as the lady of the White House promises to be unusually brilliant. Among the women who will be prominent in the social life of the national capital this fall and winter, besides Mrs. Wilson, are: Mrs. Thomas R. Marshall, wife of the vice president; Mrs. Ollie James, wife of Senator James of Kentucky; Mrs. Robert Lansing, wife of the secretary of state, and Miss Callie Hoke Smith, daughter of Senator Smith of Georgia.

Gideon, leader of only 300 Israelites, without number, as the sand by the seashore for multitude. Gideon's en- gines of destruction were 300 trumpets, held aloft in the left hand, while ter- 300 empty pitchers and 300 lamps riving blasts from the 300 trumpets, within the pitchers. As the enemy's spread consternation and terror

among the sleepers who in darkness, imagined that they had been attacked by a great army. The result was a wholesale slaughter among themselves while the followers of Gideon watched.

"Greek fire is a term which has been applied to various compounds through a succession of centuries going as far back as 424 B. C., when at the siege of Delium a cauldron filled with sulphur, pitch and charcoal was placed against the wall of the city, ignited and the flames intensified by a bellows attached to a hollow tree-trunk. The most famous of the Greek fires, how- ever, was that invented by the archi- tect Callinicus during the reign of Constantine Pogonatus. This particu- lar engine of destruction was known as wet fire, on account of its property of bursting into flame when wetted. Thrown from siphons, it fell upon the ships of the Saracens causing them to burst into flames, and thus Constanti- nople was saved to the Byzantine em- perors for the time being (668).

Gun-Powder Used.

"Probably more far-reaching in its effect than any other engine of war was the introduction of gun powder on the battlefield. It was one of the most potent factors contributing to the overthrow of the great feudal system, for it destroyed the superiority of the armored knight over the yeoman foot- soldier, and as Carlyle has rightly said, 'It made all men of the same height.' Following the use of gunpowder in small arms came the invention and development of the cannon, a weapon which was employed with destructive effect against the wall of Constanti- nople, when this historic city finally fell into the hands of the Mohammed- ans in 1453.

"The aeroplane, the Zeppelin, and the submarine have been developed gradually in times of peace prepara- tory for war, and are the products of many minds. Not so the iron-clad Merrimac and the turreted Monitor which appeared almost simultane- ously on the horizon of naval warfare during the American Civil war.

"The poisonous gases employed in trench warfare during the present Eu- ropean conflict may be viewed as a deadly development of the ludicrous stink pot weapons used by the Chinese for ages."

PRESENTING THE SEASON'S BEST LITTLE FISH STORY.

WAUKESHA, Sept. 29.—While boat- ing up the Fox river a five-and-a-half pound black bass jumped into the row- boat of Lloyd and Hone Thomas, aged ten and twelve respectively, children of Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Thomas, and be- cause of the confusion that followed a serious accident was narrowly averted.

Other fishermen went to the rescue of the children. It has been report-

GEORGIA WOMAN ADMITTED TO THE BAR

Will at Once Take Up the Prac-
tice of Law in That
State.

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 29.—Under the
Portia bill, recently passed by the
general assembly, and signed by Gov-
ernor Harris last week, Mrs. Minnie
Anderson Hale, after several years of
 ceaseless activity to accomplish this
result, has been admitted to the bar
of Georgia, and will be the first wom-
an to undertake the practice of law
in this state. Others who will make
immediate application are Mrs. Clara
L. Boyd, former practising attorney
in Florida; Mrs. Beatrice Castleman,
and Miss Agnes L. Glin.

Mrs. Hale is a graduate of the Atlan-
ta law school, and has sought by ev-
ery possible means to secure the right
to practise her profession in Georgia—
a right denied her under previously ex-
isting laws. The courts denied her pe-
tition and the board rejected her. She
has waged a continuous fight in the
courts and in the legislature, having
taken her appeal to the supreme court,
where it is still pending.

Georgia is one of the last three
states in the union to make women
eligible to practice law, and it is a
notable fact that all three of these
states are in the South. The other two
are in Arkansas and Virginia. The
supreme court of the United States al-
lows women to practise before that
body, their disabilities having been re-
moved by special statutory enactments
in 1889. New York, Kentucky, New
Hampshire and Pennsylvania supreme
courts have all affirmed the right of
women to practise law, holding that
statutes must be construed in the
light of equality of rights.

ed that on at least six different oc-
casions this summer fish have jumped
into boats on the Fox river.

They become frightened, it is said,
when struck by the motor boats, which
they are unable to see at a distance
because of the dirty water.

"Women's wear"—Theme of news
beaming charm to all women—is the
keynote of much of today's advertis-
ing in the Telegram.